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Quercetin: total-scale literature landscape analysis of a valuable nutraceutical with numerous potential applications in the promotion of human and animal health – a review*

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Numerous investigations on quercetin have revealed that it effectively treats and prevents different diseases, acting as an anti-inflammatory, anti-bacterial, anti-proliferative, anti-atherogenic, anti-coagulative, antioxidant, antidiabetic agent, etc. This work aimed to analyze the present research literature on quercetin in the context of human and animal health. The Web of Science Core Collection electronic database was searched with (quercetin*) AND (health* OR illness* OR disease* OR medic* OR pharma* OR drug* OR therap*). The resulted 15685 papers were bibliometrically evaluated with the aid of VOSviewer software. Besides the United States, the quercetin papers received global contributions, particularly from Asian countries such as China, India, and South Korea. Examples of frequently mentioned chemicals/chemical classes were flavonoid, kaempferol, rutin, polyphenol, and catechin. Examples of frequently mentioned medical conditions were cancer, Alzheimer's disease, and atherosclerosis. There are numerous reported beneficial effects of quercetin on human and animal health, which warrants further research for corroboration, understanding mechanism of action, and practical application.

KEY WORDS: quercetin / cancer / atherosclerosis / diabetes / Alzheimer's disease / obesity / Web of Science / VOSviewer

Nutraceuticals are nutritional natural products widely used nowadays for improving health due to their safety, nutritional value, therapeutic effects, and physiological disease-protecting significance in the prevention of several chronic diseases, i.e., cancer, neurodegenerative diseases, metabolic syndrome cluster of health conditions, and cardiovascular diseases [Santini et al. 2018, Daliu et al. 2019, Durazzo et al. 2020, Santini and Cicero 2020]. These qualities overall are expected to result in enhancing longevity and life quality [Vieira et al. 2019, Yeung et al. 2020b]. The global market potential of nutraceuticals is approximately USD 117 billion [Sachdeva et al. 2020]. Plants are a rich source of nutraceuticals due in part to the presence of phenolic substances [Durazzo et al. 2018, Durazzo et al. 2019]. Among the most active nutraceutical ingredients available in plants are flavonoids (these polyphenolic substances extracted and concentrated to be administered in the proper pharmaceutical form, are commonly denoted as "nutraceuticals" in the scientific literature) [Tapas et al. 2008, Huminiecki and Horbańczuk 2017, 2018, Tewari et al. 2017, Mozos et al. 2018, Pogorzelska-Nowicka et al. 2018, Santini and Novellino 2018, Wang et al. 2018, 2020 Durazzo et al. 2020, Huminiecki et al. 2020, Kim and Hwang 2020, Pieczyńska et al. 2020, Singh et al. 2020, Yeung et al. 2020c, Li et al. 2021]. In this context, quercetin was selected as a focus of this work as it is a phytoconstituent that belongs to the class of bioflavonoids (biosynthetically derived by phenylpropanoid pathway from phenylalanine), and is widely distributed in fruits e.g. in apples, leaves, seeds, vegetables, grains, and food supplements, as well as is well documented to exert broad health benefits [Boots et al. 2008, Falcone Ferreyra et al. 2012, Wong et al. 2020, Dong and Lin 2021]. In addition, it must be pointed out that quercetin is a plant flavonol that belongs to the flavonoid group of polyphenols. Numerous investigations on quercetin have revealed that it is effective in the treatment and prevention of different diseases, acting as neuroprotective, an anti-inflammatory, anti-bacterial, anti-proliferative, anti-atherogenic, anti-coagulative, antioxidant, antidiabetic agent, etc [Eid and Haddad 2017, Patel et al. 2018, Xu et al. 2019]. These actions are underlined by different mechanisms of action of quercetin, involving effects on cellular signaling and gene expression pathways, and stabilization of mast cell membranes. These actions result in decreasing histamine release from mast cells, decrease of the anaphylactic responses associated with inhibition of asthma [Lesjak et al. 2018, Rauf et al. 2018, Dabeek and Marra 2019, Batiha et al. 2020, Yang et al. 2020], reduction of oxidative stress (e.g., by neutralization of highly reactive peroxynitrite species), prevention of drug/chemical toxicity at cellular and tissue level, and increase of insulin secretion and glucose uptake, among other effects [Bule et al. 2019, Xu et al. 2019, Pingili et al. 2020]. In addition, quercetin is known to prevent the drug-induced hepatotoxicity caused by the first-line anti-tubercular drugs isoniazid and rifampicin, as it decreases the elevated enzyme levels of alanine aminotransferase (ALT), while also decreasing the oxidative stress caused by free radicals [Qader et

al. 2014, Liu et al. 2018]. In recent studies, it is documented that the absorption of guercetin is increased due to the presence of conjugation with the sugar mojety [Riva et al. 2019, Batiha et al. 2020], and this is of importance in the context of some of the potential problems associated with the compound, i.e. photosensitivity, thermolability, low water solubility, and poor bioavailability. The later shortcomings of quercetin act as a barrier in drug development and formulation. Along this line, bioavailability of quercetin can for example be enhanced by the incorporation of short-chain fructooligosaccharides [Kaşıkcı and Bağdatlıoğlu 2016]. Furthermore, to overcome the mentioned shortcomings, diverse nanoparticles, liposomes, and cocrystal cubosomes are studied to be used as carriers of quercetin [Wang et al. 2016, Li et al. 2018, Parhi et al. 2020] in the context of the overall development of the nanonutraceuticals field [Yeung et al. 2020c]. Aside of the diverse biomedical applications for humans, quercetin is also applied as a functional dietary ingredient for the promotion of animal health. For example, in animal production quercetin is used as an immunity booster and growth promoter [Saeed et al. 2017, Yeung et al. 2021]. Safety aspects of the use of quercetin as a dietary supplement are also investigated [Andres et al. 2018].

Therefore, in this study, the research landscape of quercetin was studied with a bibliometric approach [Yeung *et al.* 2019b, Atanasov *et al.* 2020, Yeung *et al.* 2020a] with emphasis on gaining further insights on its role as a valuable nutraceutical ingredient with numerous potential applications in the promotion of human and animal health revealed based on the systematic investigation of scientific outputs and associated academic citations performance.

Material and methods

The Web of Science (WoS) Core Collection electronic database was searched on 21st of June 2021 with the following string: TS=((quercetin*) AND (health* OR illness* OR disease* OR medic* OR pharma* OR drug* OR therap*)). This search string identified papers mentioning these meta-words and/or their variants in their titles, abstracts, and keywords. A total of 15685 documents were identified. Basic frequency data regarding the bibliographies were computed by the built-in functions of the WoS platform. Full records of the 15685 papers were then exported to VOSviewer for further scientometric visualizations [van Eck and Waltman 2009] in the format of bubble maps with default parameters. The size, proximity, and color of the displayed bubbles reflected the frequency of appearance, co-appearance, and citations per publication (CPP) respectively. A particular term was counted once even if it appeared multiple times in a single publication. Terms from titles and abstracts that appeared in at least 1.0% (n = 157) of the publications were visualized. A similar term map was generated to illustrate author keywords that recurred in at least 0.1% (n = 16) of the papers.

Results and discussion

The quercetin research was growing rapidly during the 2010s, and since 2017 the publication count has passed 10000 papers (Fig. 1). The vast majority of all papers were original articles (n = 14195, 90.5%, CPP = 29.5) and the remaining were mostly reviews (n = 1184, 7.5%, CPP = 62.2). Original article-to-review ratio was thus 12.0:1. Compared to other similar literature sets, this ratio was lower than berberine literature

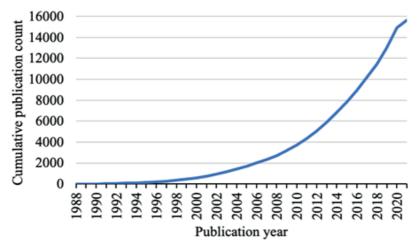


Fig. 1. Cumulative publication count of quercetin papers.

Table 1. The top-five most productive organizations, countries, and journals

Item	Number of papers (% of 15685)	Citations per paper (CPP)
Organization		
Council of Scientific Industrial Research (India)	219 (1.4)	30.6
Chinese Academy of Sciences	178 (1.1)	24.3
Universidade de Sao Paulo (Brazil)	172 (1.1)	28.5
King Saud University (Saudi Arabia)	133 (0.8)	13.7
Consejo Superior de Investigaciones Científicas (Spain)	130 (0.8)	77.5
Country		
China	2903 (18.5)	19.1
The United States	1769 (11.3)	57.6
India	1705 (10.9)	20.0
South Korea	929 (5.9)	26.2
Brazil	916 (5.8)	19.4
Journal		
Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry	376 (2.4)	83.7
Molecules	372 (2.4)	17.6
Journal of Ethnopharmacology	307 (2.0)	24.2
Food Chemistry	243 (1.5)	59.7
Food and Chemical Toxicology	151 (0.9)	56.3
Plos One	151 (0.9)	28.9

(13.6:1) [Yeung *et al.* 2020a] but higher than resveratrol (9.5:1) [Yeung *et al.* 2019a], apple polyphenol (7.6:1) [Yeung *et al.* 2021], and dietary natural products as a whole (1.5:1) [Yeung *et al.* 2018]. Indexed papers were mostly written in English (98.9%).

The top 5 most productive organizations, countries, and journals are listed in Table 1. Three out of the five most productive countries were from Asia, led by China. Their CPPs were comparable to that of Brazil, but less than half of the United States. Most productive authors were not analyzed because many of them had a Chinese name for which the initialized and Romanized format indexed by WoS might cause confusion, e.g. Li J, Li Y, and Li X might collectively represent many different persons [Yeung *et al.* 2019a]. The most cited paper from China was a report on using solid lipid nanoparticles as an oral delivery carrier to improve the gastrointestinal absorption of the poorly water-soluble quercetin (412 citations) [Li *et al.* 2009]. Meanwhile, the most cited paper from the United States was a report that investigated the quercetin analogs as phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase inhibitors [Vlahos *et al.* 1994].

Approximately a quarter of the indexed papers belonged to the WoS category of pharmacology and pharmacy (n = 3899, 24.9%, CPP = 28.8), followed by food science technology (n = 2545, 16.2%, CPP = 37.6), biochemistry and molecular biology (n = 2335, 14.9%, CPP = 35.5), chemistry medicinal (n = 1822, 11.6%, CPP = 24.3), and chemistry multidisciplinary (n = 1263, 8.1%, CPP = 16.4). Most productive journals were related to pharmacology and food (Tab. 1).

Figure 2 displays a term map showing the recurring terms from the titles and abstracts. Bioavailability was one of the terms with a high CPP (yellow bubble, n

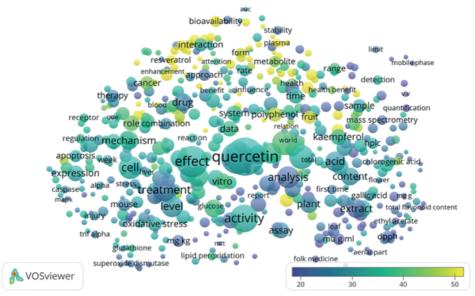
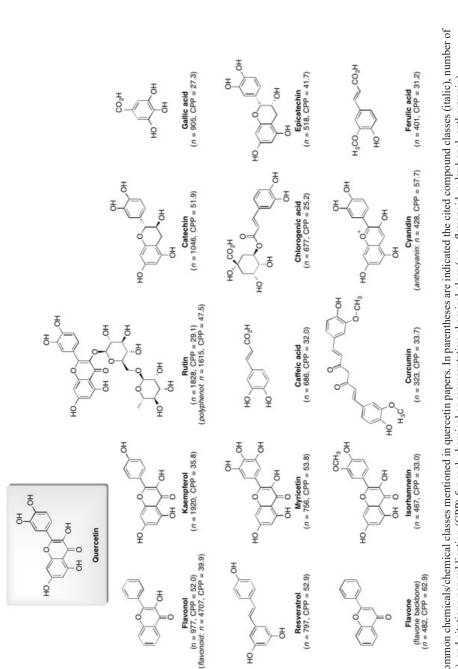
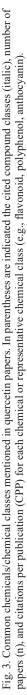


Fig. 2. Term map showing recurring terms in titles and abstracts of the quercetin papers. Bubble color indicates the citation per publication (CPP). Size indicates frequency count.





Chemical/chemical	Number of papers	Citations per paper
class	(out of 15685)	(CPP)
Flavonoid	4707	39.9
Kaempferol	1920	35.8
Rutin	1828	29.1
Polyphenol	1615	47.5
Catechin	1046	51.9
Flavonol	977	52.0
Gallic acid	905	27.3
Resveratrol	797	52.9
Myricetin	756	53.8
Caffeic acid	686	32.0
Chlorogenic acid	677	25.2
Epicatechin	518	41.7
Flavone	482	62.9
Isorhamnetin	467	33.0
Curcumin	447	38.6
Anthocyanin	428	57.7
Ferulic acid	401	31.2

Table 2. Recurring chemicals/chemical classes from the papers $(n \ge 400)$

= 977, CPP = 57.3). Many terms with a high CPP were related to food sources of quercetin, such as red wine (n = 234, CPP = 135.4), apple (n = 199, CPP = 110.8), tea (n = 457, CPP = 92.7), and onion (n = 324, CPP = 83.1). Meanwhile, the recurring chemicals/chemical classes and structures of individual natural compounds are listed in Table 2 and Figure 3. One representative of these was anthocyanin, also identified as one of the most recurring compounds investigated in the grape and wine literature [Aleixandre-Tudo *et al.* 2019, Lucarini *et al.* 2021].

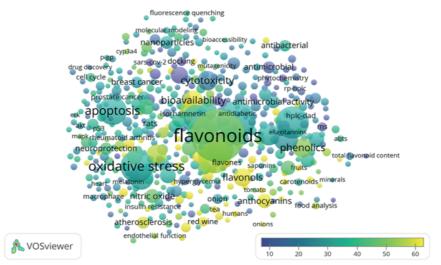


Fig. 4. Term map showing recurring author keywords of the quercetin papers. Bubble color indicates the citation per publication (CPP). Size indicates frequency count.

Figure 4 represents a term map showing recurring author keywords. Oxidative stress and apoptosis were popular keywords near the center of the map. Frequently mentioned medical conditions are listed in Table 3. Cancer and Alzheimer's disease were the most frequently mentioned medical conditions. Quercetin might promote the loss of cell viability, apoptosis, and autophagy via the modulation of several signal transduction pathways to achieve an overall anti-cancer effect [Murakami *et al.* 2008, Reyes-Farias and Carrasco-Pozo 2019]. Meanwhile, its anti-oxidative property might reduce reactive oxidative species that promote epigenetic alterations relevant to Alzheimer's disease [Zaplatic *et al.* 2019].

Medical condition	Number of papers	Citations per paper
	(out of 890)	(CPP)
Cancer	164	41.3
Alzheimer's disease	129	37.4
Atherosclerosis	98	57.2
Breast cancer	88	25.6
Obesity	83	22.2
Diabetes mellitus	78	16.6
Covid-19	77	7.9
Hypertension	65	41.6
Cardiovascular disease	63	60.7
Parkinson's disease	57	34.5
Prostate cancer	50	23.7
Neurodegeneration	42	38.3
Rheumatoid arthritis	38	22.5

Table 3. Frequently mentioned medical conditions $(n \ge 30)$

The intake of quercetin could bring beneficial health effects in a broad array of animal models. For example, dietary quercetin could prolong the mean lifespan of *Caenorhabditis elegans* by 15% [Kampkötter *et al.* 2008], reduce the teratogenicity caused by cyclophosphamide (a medication that treats neoplastic and autoimmune diseases) in female rats [Mahabady *et al.* 2016], and reduce reproductive potential in female mice [Beazley and Nurminskaya 2016].

Conclusion

Besides the United States, the academic research on quercetin had substantial contributions from Asian and South American countries, such as China, India, South Korea, and Brazil. Many of the publications focused on pharmacology and food. Examples of frequently mentioned chemicals/chemical classes were flavonoid, kaempferol, rutin, polyphenol, and catechin. Likewise, frequently mentioned medical conditions were cancer, Alzheimer's disease, and atherosclerosis. There are numerous scientifically studied beneficial effects of quercetin demonstrated of on human and animal health, and further work focused on the nutraceutical properties of the compound is warranted.

Conflict of interest: The authors declare no conflict of interest.

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